LOUD in ED Coaching Session Buprenorphine/Naloxone: Microdosing Induction Strategies

Presented by:

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Disclosures

Academic: None

Commercial: None

Financial: None

Questions for the audience

What is your profession? (Nurses or Nurse Practitioners/ Doctors/ Pharmacists/ Social Worker/ Other)

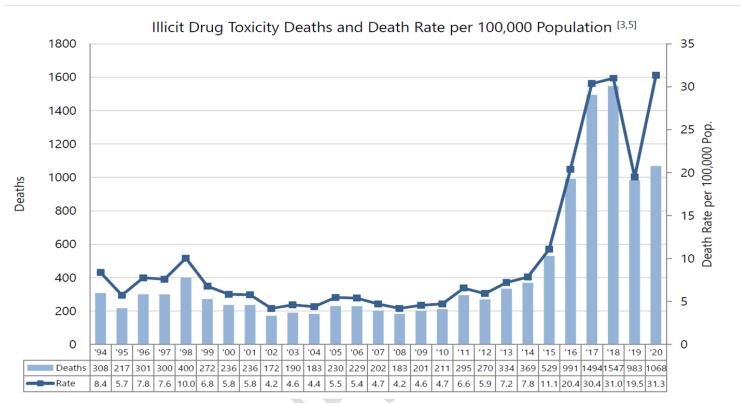
Do you have formal training in addictions? (Yes or No)

Have you been involved in starting a patient on buprenorphine/naloxone microdosing? (Yes or No)

What is your comfort/knowledge level in regards to buprenorphine/naloxone microdosing?

[likert scale 1- no comfort, 2-minimal comfort, 3-somewhat comfortable, 4-very comfortable]

Illicit Drug Toxicity Deaths in BC



Continuum of Care

WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT 1-3

Tapered methadone, buprenorphine, or alpha,-adrenergic agonists

> +/- psychosocial treatment 4 +/- residential treatment +/- oral naltrexone 5

AGONIST THERAPIES

Buprenorphine/ naloxone 6 (preferred)

Methadone 7.8

+/- psychosocial treatment +/- residential treatment

SPECIALIST-LED **ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES**

Slow-release oral morphine 9,10 +/- psychosocial treatment

+/- residential treatment

LOW

If opioid use continues. consider treatment intensification. »

TREATMENT INTENSITY



Where possible.

« simplify treatment.



HARM REDUCTION 11-13

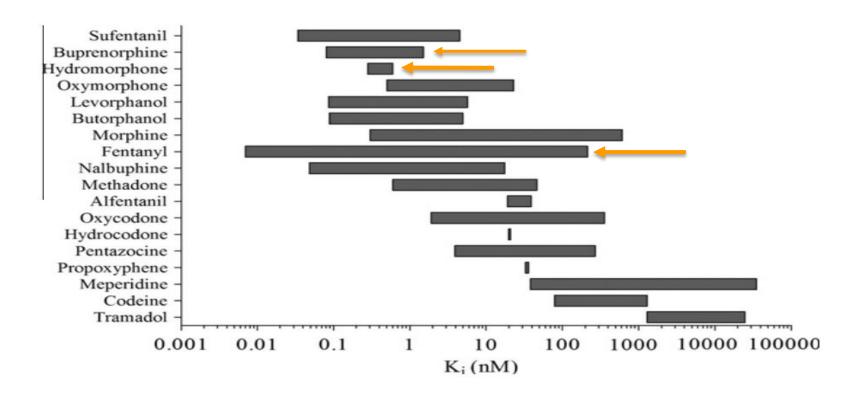
Across the treatment intensity spectrum, evidence-based harm reduction should be offered to all, including:

- Education re: safer user of sterile syringes/needles and other applicable substance use equipment
- Access to sterile syringes, needles, and other supplies
 Access to Supervised Injection Sites (SIS)
- Take-Home-Naloxone (THN) kits

Buprenorphine

- Partial opioid receptor agonist
- High receptor binding affinity
- Various formulations (patch, sublingual tablets, injectable)
 - Often coupled with naloxone
- Target dose: 12-32mg
- Duration of action dose dependent
 - Typically reported as 32-36 hours
 - Low doses (1.2mg or less) reported as 3-16 hours

Binding Affinity



Traditional Induction

- 1. Taper/stop prescribed/illicit opioids
- 2. Wait until moderate withdrawal
- 3. Administer first dose buprenorphine 2-4mg
- 4. If no precipitated withdrawal in 30-60 minutes, administer additional doses every 1-2 hours until comfortable to a max dose of 12-16 mg on day 1
- 5. Follow up on day 2 and titrate as needed

Traditional Induction: Potential Issues

- Risk of treatment destabilization
- Patients need to undergo withdrawal
 - Moderate-to-severe withdrawal required
 - Long process

Case1: Rob

- 33 year old male presented to ED for fentanyl overdose
- Previously successful with suboxone for about 10 months
- Stopped suboxone 2 weeks ago (didn't get in for a refill)

Case 1: Rob

How would you start the conversation?

What are some conversational points you can have with a patient who says they don't want to start suboxone?

What can you say to this patient?

Case 1: Rob

Upon further discussion you discover Rob is willing to restart suboxone, but he does not want to go through withdrawal.

What are your options?

Alternative Induction Strategy

Buprenorphine Microdosing

Buprenorphine Microdosing

- Induction using small, increasing doses
- Generally takes 7-10 days
- Overlapping with full opioid agonists
- Pharmacology:
 - Slow displacement of other opioids
 - Gradual, increasing occupancy of receptors

Substance Abuse and Rehabilitation

open access to scientific and medical research



CASE SERIES

Use of microdoses for induction of buprenorphine treatment with overlapping full opioid agonist use: the Bernese method

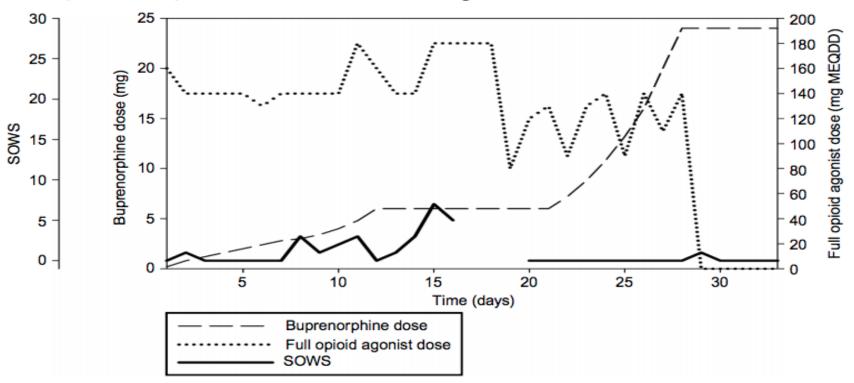
Buprenorphine Microdosing: Bernese Method

Table I Buprenorphine dosing and use of street heroin in case I

Day	Buprenorphine (sl)	Street heroin (sniffed)
I	0.2 mg	2.5 g
2	0.2 mg	2 g
3	0.8+2 mg	0.5 g
4	2+2.5 mg	1.5 g
5	2.5+2.5 mg	0.5 g
6	2.5+4 mg	0
7	4+4 mg	0
8	4+4 mg	0
9	8+4 mg	0

Abbreviation: sl, sublingual.

Buprenorphine Microdosing: Bernese Method



Buprenorphine Microdosing: Advantages

- Can be initiated immediately
 - Less risk of treatment destabilization
- Can be prescribed quickly
- No withdrawal required

Buprenorphine Microdosing: Disadvantages

- Unclear risk of precipitated withdrawal
- Longer period of subtherapeutic doses
- Relatively new intervention, not all care providers understand

Drug and Alcohol REVIEW APSAD

Brief Report

Use of a novel prescribing approach for the treatment of opioid use disorder: Buprenorphine/naloxone micro-dosing – a case series

Rupinder Brar, Nadia Fairbairn, Christy Sutherland, Seonaid Nolan

7 Case reports

- 1 on Methadone (30 mg)
- 3 Sustained release oral morphine (150-300 mg)
- 3 illicit fentanyl/heroin

Induction Dosing

Day 1: 0.5 mg SL Daily

Day 2: 0.5 mg SL BID

Day 3: 1mg SL BID

Day 4: 2 mg SL BID Day 5: 3 mg SL BID

Day 6: 4 mg SL BID

Day 7: 12 mg SL daily

Day 8: 16-24 mg (variable)

> BMJ Case Rep. 2020 Mar 25;13(3):e233715. doi: 10.1136/bcr-2019-233715.

Transitioning a patient from injectable opioid agonist therapy to sublingual buprenorphine/naloxone for the treatment of opioid use disorder using a microdosing approach

Mackenzie Duncan Gregory Caulfield ¹, Rupinder Brar ², Christy Sutherland ³, Seonaid Nolan ⁴ ⁵

Addict Sci Clin Pract. 2020; 15: 2.

Published online 2020 Jan 15. doi: 10.1186/s13722-020-0177-x

PMCID: PMC6964069

PMID: <u>31941547</u>

Case report: Successful induction of buprenorphine/naloxone using a microdosing schedule and assertive outreach

<u>Jennifer Rozylo, ¹ Keren Mitchell, ^{1,2,3,5} Mohammadali Nikoo, ^{1,4} S. Elise Durante, ^{2,3} Skye P. Barbic, ^{1,2,3,5,7,8} Daniel Lin, ^{1,2,3,5} Steve Mathias, ^{1,2,3,5,7} and <u>Pouya Azar [∞] 1,2,3,5,6</u></u>

Buprenorphine Microdosina schedule

<u>Japi chorphina</u>		301104410	
Schedule	Dose	Schedule	Dose
Day 1	0.5 mg SL BID	Day 1	0.25mg SL
Day 2	1 mg SL BID	Day 2	0.25 mg SL BID
Day 3	2 mg SL BID	Day 3	0.5mg SL BID
Day 4	3 mg SL BID	Day 4	1 mg SL BID
Day 5	4 mg SL BID	Day 5	2 mg SL BID
Day 6 until R/A	12 mg SL daily	Day 6	4 mg SL BID
	·	Day 7 until R/A	12 mg SL daily

https://www.bccsu.ca/wp-content/uploads/2020/04/Risk-Mitigation-in-the-Context-of-Dual-Public-Health-Emergenciesv1.5.pdf

Feasibility Study Outpatient Microdosing vs Standard Dosing

Outpatient Prescription:

* Dose based on buprenorphine component

Day	buprenorphine dose*	Number of tablets per dose.
		Use only buprenorphine-naloxone 2 mg-0.5 mg tablets
1	bupgeporphine 0.5 mg sublingual BID	One quarter tablet
2	buprenorphine 1 mg sublingual BID	One half tablet
3	buprenorphine.2 mg sublingual BID	1 tablet
4	buprenorphine,3 mg sublingual BID	One and a half tablet
5	buprenorphine.4 mg sublingual BID	2 tablets
6	buprenorphine, 12 mg sublingual daily	6 tablets

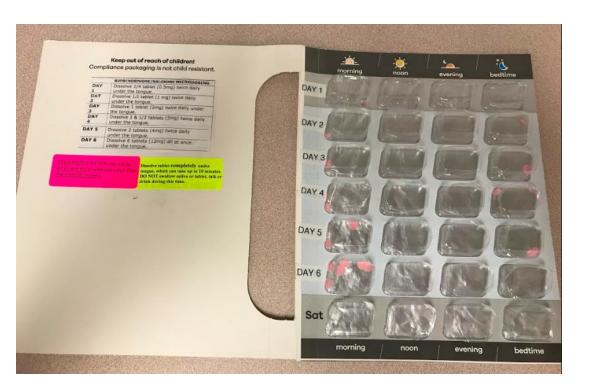
Nurse to FAX this page and completed ALLERGY STATUS to SOT pharmacy fax: 604-875-4475 once buprenorphine-naloxone patient pack removed from Omnicell

Microdosing Patient Pack Omnicell item name:

buprenorphine-naloxone 2 mg-0.5mg 16.5 TAB 33 mg PT PACK

RN initials Time removed from Omnicell

Feasibility Study: Microdosing



Hospital supplied

Cost (16.5 tablets) =\$23.76

Time to make 4 kits:

- 1h to make
- 15 minutes to check

Including printing and cut labels and patient info sheet

- 1.5 hours to make
- 15 minutes to check

Expiry issues

Feasibility study Outpatient Microdosing patient information sheet

Suboxone® Microdosing To Go



- You may feel a bit of withdrawal when you start taking Suboxone®- this is ok! You
 will probably need to keep using opioids when you start taking Suboxone®, but
 you will feel better as the dose increases over the 6-day course.
- To help manage withdrawal symptoms, you may take Advil[®]/Motrin[®] (ibuprofen) for body aches, Gravol[®] (dimenhydrinate) for nausea and vomiting, and Imodium[®] (loperamide) for diarrhea.



- Allow the tablets to completely dissolve under your tongue for 10 minutes.
 Don't swallow, talk or drink during this time.
- Allow 8-12 hours in between the two daily doses of Suboxone[®].



- If you feel lots of withdrawal after a dose of Suboxone®, stop and get help (St. Paul's Rapid Access Addictions Clinic, Emergency Department).
- If you miss a dose of Suboxone®, stop and get help (St. Paul's Rapid Access Addictions Clinic or Emergency Department).

Feasibility Study Outpatient Microdosing patient information sheet

Day	Suboxone® Dose*	First Dose	Second Dose (8-12 hours after the first dose)
Day 1	0.5 mg twice	4	1
Date:	0.0g tec	1/4 tablet 8	-12 hrs 1/4 tablet
Day 2 Date:	1 mg twice	***	-12 hrs 1/2 tablet
Day 3 Date:	2 mg twice		-12 hrs 1 tablet
Day 4 Date:	3 mg twice		1½ tablets
Day 5 Date:	4 mg twice	2 tablets 8	-12 hrs 2 tablets
Day 6 Date:	12 mg once	6 tablets	all at once
Each full tablet contains buprenorphine/naloxone 2 mg/0.5 mg and Suboxone® is dosed based on the buprenorphine component.			

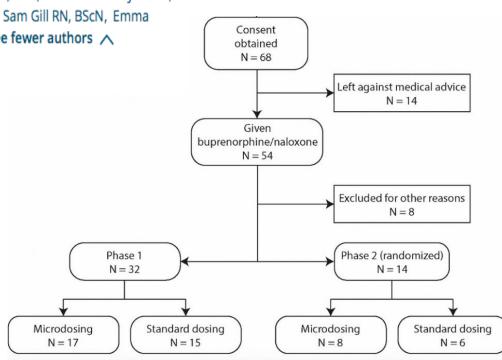
Go to St. Paul's Rapid Access Addictions Clinic (RAAC) on _____ [date] for a new Suboxone® prescription.

By Day 5, check in with any of these sites - No appointment required			
Rapid Access Addictions Clinic Connections Clinic (For Down- Emergency Department		Emergency Department	
(RAAC)	town East Side residents only)		
St. Paul's Hospital	623 Powell Street	St. Paul's Hospital	
(2nd Floor Burrard Building)	(entrance in alley)	or	
		Vancouver General Hospital	
Open 7 days/week	Monday - Friday		
9:00 am - 4:00 pm	8:30 am-7:30 pm	24 hours/day	
604-806-8867	Saturday and Sunday		
	8:30 am-5:30 pm		
	604-675-3600		

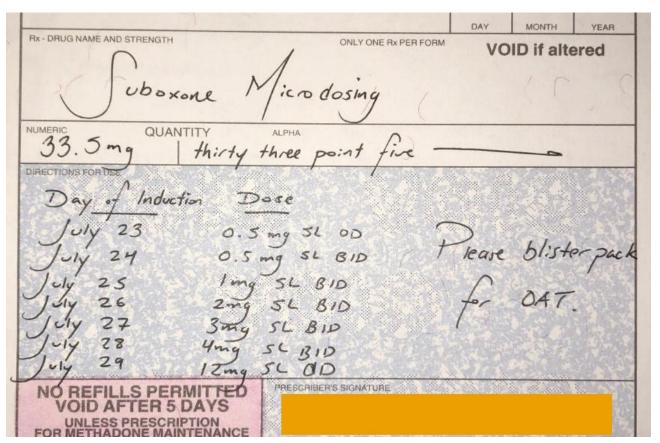
Microdosing and standard-dosing take-home buprenorphine from the emergency department: A feasibility study

Jessica Moe MD, MSc ➡, Katherin Badke PharmD, BScPharm, Megan Pratt MSW, RSW, Raymond Y Cho MD, BSc, Pouya Azar MD, Heather Flemming MD, K. Anne Sutherland MD, MSc, Barbara Harvey MScN, JD, Lara Gurney MSN, RN, Julie Lockington MN, RN, Penny Brasher PhD, Sam Gill RN, BScN, Emma Garrod MSN, RN, Misty Bath MScPH, BSN, Andy Kestler MD, MScPH ... See fewer authors ∧

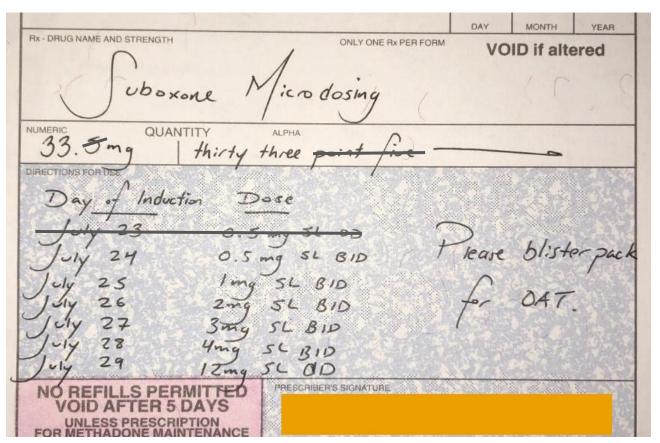
First published: 20 October 2020 | https://doi.org/10.1002/emp2.12289



Case 1: Back to Rob....



Case 1: Back to Rob....



Case 2: Morley

Presented to ED due to an altercation, now cleared for discharge

- No fixed address, spends time bouncing between family and shelters
- Last used heroin this morning
- Due to acute pain opioid withdrawal is not an option
- Previous good experience with suboxone, but stopped because he started smoking heroin again
- After discussion and the understanding that he can continue to use heroin for the next few days until his injury from altercation is more healed, patient is willing to start microdosing

RISK MITIGATION

IN THE CONTEXT OF DUAL PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCIES

In order to avoid the need for moderate withdrawal, consider using a microdosing protocol to initiate patients onto buprenorphine/naloxone, see Appendix 1. To avoid withdrawal and patient discomfort, consider co-prescribing hydromorphone, slow-release oral morphine (Kadian), or sustained-release oral morphine (M-Eslon) during microinduction

le. hydromorphone 8mg tablets 1-3 tabs q1h as needed up to 14 tablets, provided daily

Case 2: Morley's plan

- 1. Microdosing induction kit
- 2. Hydromorphone 8 mg tablets= 1-2 tablets qid prn Daily Dispense (provide each day buprenorphine/naloxone dose below 12 mg)
 - a. If dose is not managing pain/withdrawal follow up at RAAC/ GP/Addictions specialist
- 3. Acetaminophen 1000 mg po qid
- 4. Ibuprofen 600 mg po qid

Case 3: Charles

- 29 y/o presenting to ED with worsening leg abscess
 - Failed OPAT
 - Lost suboxone-to-go packages
 - AMA after 1 day admission
 - Severe OUD
 - Frequent AMA due to pain and opioid withdrawal
 - Uses IV illicit drugs in the hospital

Rapid Micro-Induction

- Variation of standard micro-dosing
- Pharmacological basis
 - Buprenorphine time to peak plasma concentration is approximately 1 hour
- Preferred for inpatient setting

THE AMERICAN JOURNAL ON ADDICTIONS



Case-Series



Rapid Micro-Induction of Buprenorphine/Naloxone for Opioid Use Disorder in an Inpatient Setting: A Case Series

Sukhpreet Klaire MD, CCFP, Rebecca Zivanovic Bsc, MD, Skye Pamela Barbic PhD, OT, Raman Sandhu MD, Nickie Mathew MD, FRCPC, Pouya Azar MD, FRCPC ▼

Klaire et al.

TABLE 2. Titration schedule

	Buprenorph	ine/Naloxone*	Hydromorphone	
	Dosing	Total Daily Dose	Dosing	Total Daily Dose
Day 0	N/A		3 mg PO q4h regular 2-4 mg PO q4h PRN	24 mg
Day 1	0.5 mg SL q3h	2.5 mg	3 mg PO q4h regular 2-4 mg PO q4h PRN	26 mg
Day 2	1 mg SL q3h	8 mg	3 mg PO q4h regular 2-4 mg PO q4h PRN	24 mg
Day 3	12 mg SL daily	12 mg	Discontinued	

^{*}Expressed as milligrams of buprenorphine in buprenorphine/naloxone sublingual tablet.

Case 3: Charles' Plan

- Recommend CTU readmission
- Recommend addictions team consult

Case 3: Charles' Plan with Addictions Consult

	Buprenorphine/Naloxone		Buprenorphine/Naloxone Hydromorphone	
	Dosing	Total Daily Dose	Dosing	Total Daily Dose
Day 0	N/A		3mg PO q4h regular 2-4mg PO q4h PRN	24mg
Day 1	0.5mg SL q3h	2.5mg	3mg PO q4h regular 2-4mg PO q4h PRN	26mg
Day 2	1mg SL q3h	8mg	3mg PO q4h regular 2-4mg PO q4h PRN	24mg
Day 3	12mg SL daily	12mg	Discon	tinued

Case 4: Monty

On Methadone 120 mg po once daily and lenvatinib (QTc-560 ms) Both methadone and lenvatinib prolong QTCs Requires change to suboxone and Monty is agreeable

Rapid Transition From Methadone to Buprenorphine Utilizing a Micro-dosing Protocol in the Outpatient Veteran Affairs Setting

Joao P De Aquino ¹, Christopher Fairgrieve, Sukhpreet Klaire, Gabriela Garcia-Vassallo



Case-Series

Methadone to buprenorphine/naloxone induction without withdrawal utilizing transdermal fentanyl bridge in an inpatient setting—Azar method

Pouya Azar MD X, Mohammadali Nikoo MD, Isabelle Miles MD

First published: 02 November 2018 | https://doi.org/10.1111/ajad.12809 | Citations: 6

PHARMACOTHERAPY



Brief Report

Transitioning Hospitalized Patients with Opioid Use Disorder from Methadone to Buprenorphine without a Period of Opioid Abstinence Using a Microdosing Protocol

Dale Terasaki X, Christopher Smith, Susan L. Calcaterra

First published: 26 July 2019 | https://doi.org/10.1002/phar.2313 | Citations: 9

Monty's Plan Other alternative Micro-induction strategies

- 1) Fentanyl bridge
- 2) Kadian bridge
- 3) Methadone cross taper

Conclusion

- There is a role for microdosing in patients who have difficulty starting buprenorphine
 - Based on case reports and case series
 - Follow-up assessments and education are the utmost importance for patient and practitioners
- No one size fits all formula in microdosing
- 24/7 Addiction Medicine Clinician Support Line and speak to an Addiction Medicine Specialist, call 778-945-7619

Extra slides

Inpatient- Buprenorphine Microdosing in Vancouver

BUPRENORPHINE-NALOXONE (SUBOXONE) MICRODOSING INDUCTION ORDERS Chronic Pain and Addiction Services (CPAS) - VGH

☐ STANDARD MICRODOSING INDUCTION	Start on:	(date) at	(hours)
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Day	buprenorphine dose and interval*	buprenorphine - naloxone strength to use	Quantity per dose
1	0.5 mg sublingual daily	buprenorphine 2 mg - naloxone 0.5 mg	1/4 tab
2	0.5 mg sublingual BID	buprenorphine 2 mg - naloxone 0.5 mg	1/4 tab
3	1 mg sublingual BID	buprenorphine 2 mg - naloxone 0.5 mg	1/2 tab
4	2 mg sublingual BID	buprenorphine 2 mg - naloxone 0.5 mg	1 tab
5	4 mg sublingual BID	buprenorphine 2 mg – naloxone 0.5 mg	2 tabs
Starting on Day 6, give buprenorphine-naloxone* 12 mg (1 tab) sublingual once daily *AND* start buprenorphine-			

Starting on Day 6, give buprenorphine-naloxone* 12 mg (1 tab) sublingual once daily *AND* start buprenorphine naloxone _____ mg sublingual Q3H PRN withdrawal symptoms *AND* discontinue all opioids other than buprenorphine-naloxone.

Rapid Buprenorphine Microdosing in Vancouver

BUPRENORPHINE-NALOXONE (SUBOXONE) MICRODOSING INDUCTION ORDERS Chronic Pain and Addiction Services (CPAS) - VGH

F	APID MICRODOSING INDUCTION	Start on: (date) at	(hours)
Doses	buprenorphine dose and interval*	buprenorphine - naloxone strength to use	Quantity per dose
1 to 8	0.5 mg sublingual Q3H x 8 doses	buprenorphine 2 mg - naloxone 0.5 mg	1/4 tab
9 to 16	1 mg sublingual Q3H x 8 doses	buprenorphine 2 mg - naloxone 0.5 mg	1/2 tab
Starting 3 hours after the last dose (i.e. dose number 16), give buprenorphine-naloxone* mg sublingual once daily *AND* start buprenorphine-naloxone mg sublingual Q3H PRN withdrawal symptoms *AND* discontinue all opioids other than buprenorphine-naloxone.			

Buprenorphine-naloxone is dosed based on buprenorphine component.

BUPRENORPHINE-NALOXONE (SUBOXONE) MICRODOSING INDUCTION ORDERS Chronic Pain and Addiction Services (CPAS) - VGH

Other as needed opioid medication for withdrawal symptoms:

Hold PRN opioid if sedated, res Discontinue PRN opioid: see in		· ·
morphine * OR *	mg PO or	mg SUBCUT Q3H PRN
☐ HYDROmorphone : * OR *	mg PO or	mg SUBCUT Q3H PRN
☐ oxvCODONE	ma PO Q3H PRN	

BUPRENORPHINE-NALOXONE (SUBOXONE) MICRODOSING INDUCTION ORDERS Chronic Pain and Addiction Services (CPAS) - VGH

Adjunct medications for withdrawal management:

☐ dimenhyDRINATE 50 mg PO/IV Q6H PRN nausea/vomiting (maximum 400 mg per day)
ondansetron 4 mg PO/IV Q8H PRN nausea/vomiting
acetaminophen 325 to 650 mg PO Q4H PRN pain (maximum 4 g per 24 hour period from all sources)
☐ ibuprofen 200 to 400 mg PO Q6H PRN pain (maximum 2.4 g per 24 hour period)
☐ clonidine 0.1 mg PO Q1H PRN withdrawal symptoms (maximum 0.8 mg per day). Hold if SBP less than 100 mmHg or DBP less than 70 mmHg.
☐ loperamide 2 mg PO QID PRN diarrhea (Maximum 16 mg per 24 hours)
☐ zopiclone 3.75 mg PO QHS PRN insomnia. May repeat x 1 dose