## PATIENT OVERDOSE IN PARK what do providers experience?



#### **DOING**

"I don't just want to

save lives, I want to

improve the quality

Provide education on risk

Look for overdose patterns

Unconscious patients easy to manage

Not sure how to screen for addiction and

**FEELING** 

**WORRY** about violent

patients or those

who are agitated

Is patient interested in treatment?

of life."

DOING

**CONSIDERING** 

substance use

YES to

Hospital

Get naloxone kit, get them out the door Referral to outreach team Different population

### **CONSIDERING**

Some patients not interested in treatment asking for detox help

### WHAT'S IMPORTANT

Mental health/addictions treatment Options are so siloed Huge variability in community supports

### **FEELING**

**HOPELESSNESS** that I can't help

WORRY that this opportunity for treatment won't be taken



They don't think there is anything more that can be offered to them

Or are upset by the kind of care they have received so far

Often it's because we don't know what to offer

# Patients leave hospital

## against medical advice

### **Patients Choose Additional Treatment**

No beds available for inpatients

Patients need monitoring

Mental health team not in building

No ability/resources in Emergency Department to start Suboxone

Suboxone initiation in Emergency would be a "tough sell" to providers

Patients feel frustrated when staff don't view

DOING

Address historical trauma and/or underlying causes

### WHAT'S IMPORTANT

Trauma-informed practice must be system-wide

#### CONSIDERING

Fracture between acute care. detox and community support; need a bridge

Need new coordinated models of care

Siloed information systems

Are there privacy implications for identifying addiction?

Patients can experience frequent relapse, stops/starts

### **FEELING**

The next

steps in the

process

are a

"BLACK

HOLE"

**BURNOUT** is concern for rural nurses providing opioid agonist therapy

Patients may not have a primary care provider for follow up - or providers may not provide opioid agonist treatment

## **What To Do Next?**

## **Post-Overdose**

### **CONSIDERING**

Patient may refuse transport

City police or RCMP can arrest and transport if necessary

Communication from EMS to GP is unlikely (patient may not be attached)

> NO to Hospital

### DOING

Provide education on risk Look for overdose patterns

### WHAT'S IMPORTANT

Trust is key to patient decision for transport

#### **FEELING**

**FEAR** they could relapse **FEAR** of respiratory arrest FEAR of liability if we don't transport to hospital

### willing to be transported to the hospital?

Ask patient if they are

### AT SCENE IN PARK

### **DOING**

First responders arrive City police or RCMP responds for patient safety, (not because of illicit substances)

### CONSIDERING

Determine if accidental or intentional overdose

Does this reflect other overdose patterns that I have been seeing lately?



"Things can

off the path""

fall right





